

Petri Nets with Catalysts

John Baez John Foley Joe Moeller*

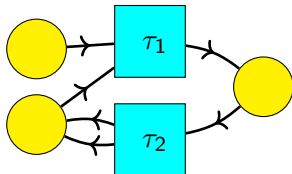
University of California, Riverside
Metron Scientific Solutions

This work was produced in part on
occupied Cahuilla and Tongva land.

Applied Category Theory
6 July 2020

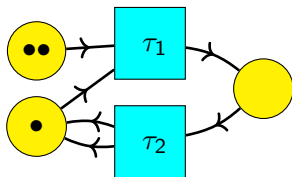
Petri Nets

- ▶ resources: ● e.g. H₂O
- ▶ processes: ■ e.g. a reaction

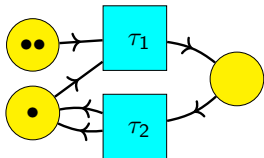


Markings

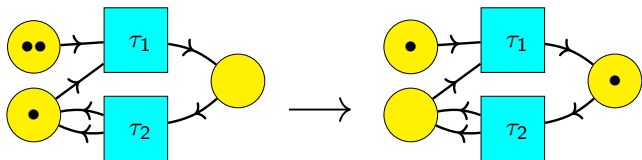
- ▶ resources: ● e.g. H_2O
- ▶ processes: ■ e.g. a reaction
- ▶ tokens: ● e.g. a molecule of H_2O



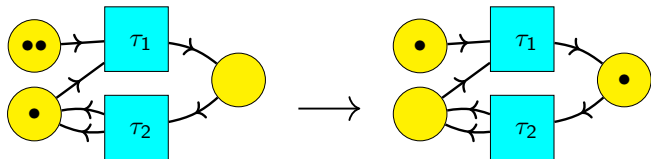
Executions



Executions

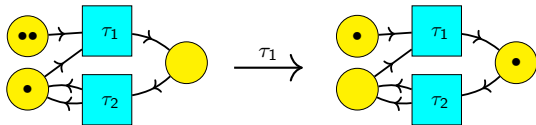


Executions

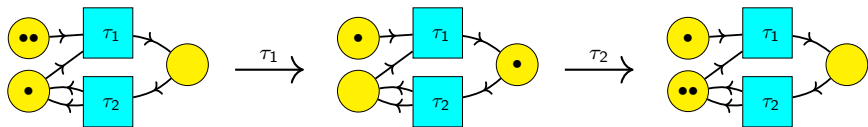


$$2A + 1B \xrightarrow{\tau_1} 1A + 1C$$

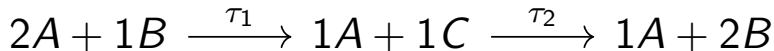
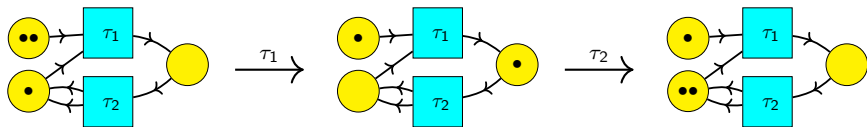
Sequential Execution



Sequential Execution



Sequential Execution

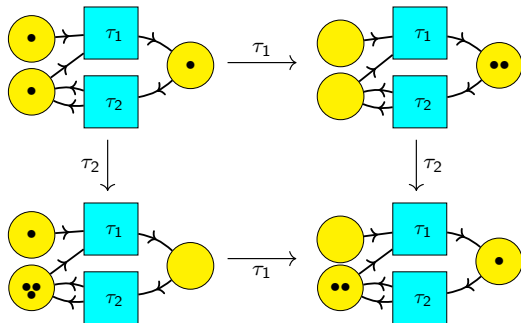


Definition

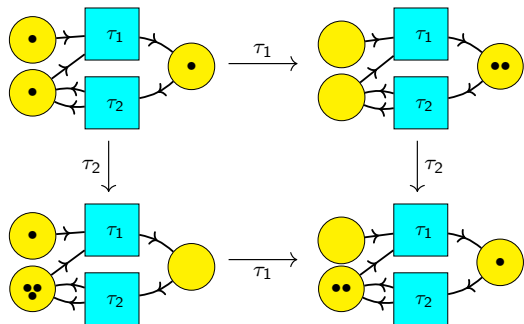
For a Petri net P , define a category FP where

- ▶ an object is a marking
- ▶ a morphism is a sequence of executions
- ▶ composition is given by concatenation.

Concurrent Execution

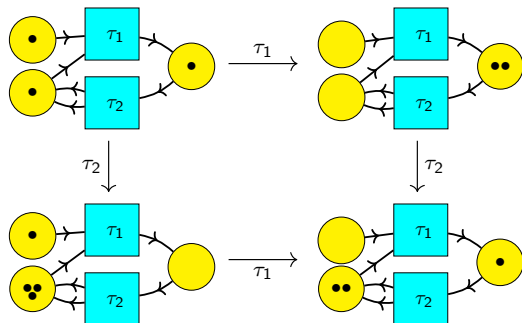


Concurrent Execution



$$1A + 1B + 1C \xrightarrow{\tau_1 + \tau_2} 2B + 1C$$

Concurrent Execution

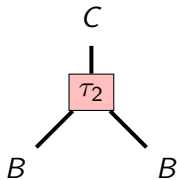
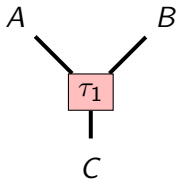
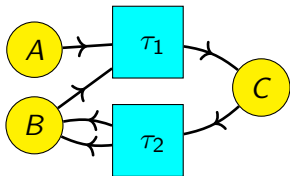


$$1A + 1B + 1C \xrightarrow{\tau_1 + \tau_2} 2B + 1C$$

Definition

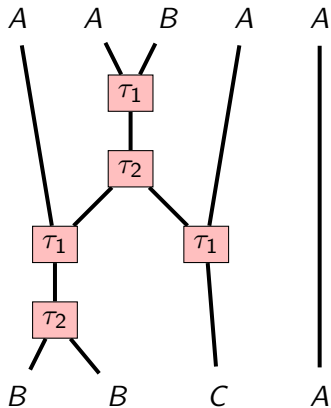
Give FP a (commutative) monoidal structure + as above.

String Diagrams



String Diagrams

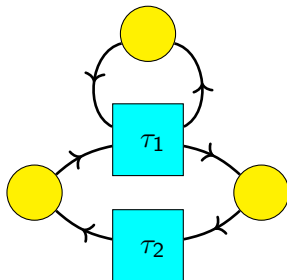
A morphism in FP :



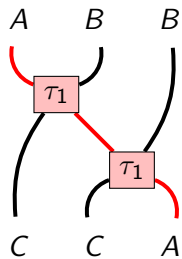
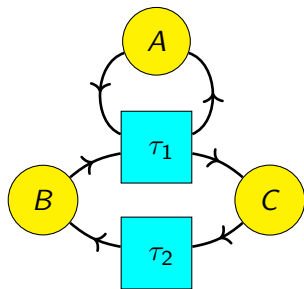
Catalysts

Definition

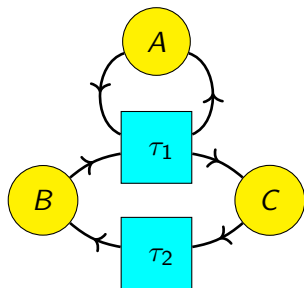
A **catalyst** in a Petri net is a resource whose in-degree and out-degree relative to each transition are equal.



Catalysts



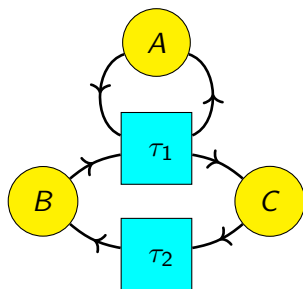
Catalysts



A B B

C A A

Catalysts



A B B

C A A

Proposition (Baez, Foley, M)

For a Petri net P with catalysts, as categories we get

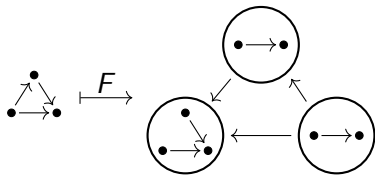
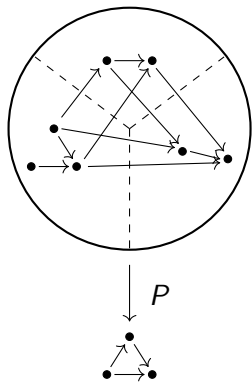
$$FP = \coprod_{c \in \text{Catalysts}} FP_c.$$

In particular, this gives a monoidal opfibration $FP \rightarrow \mathbb{N}[C]$.

Theorem

The Grothendieck construction gives a 2-equivalence:

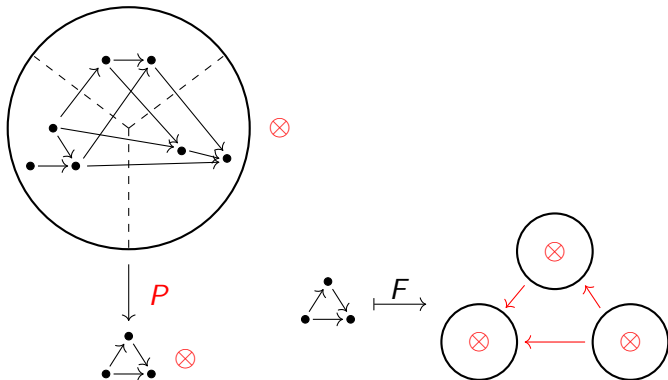
$$\text{Fib}(\mathcal{X}) \cong \text{ICat}(\mathcal{X})$$



Monoidal Grothendieck Construction

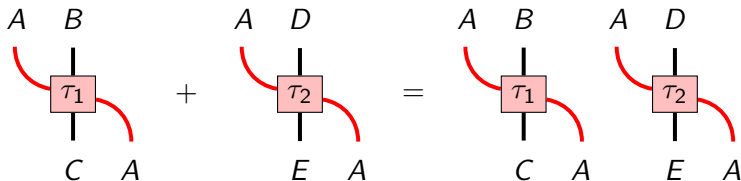
Theorem (Shulman; Vasilakopoulou, M)

If X is (co)cartesian monoidal, then monoidal (op)fibrations over X are equivalent to X -(op)indexed monoidal categories.



Not monoidal subcategories

FP_{1A} is not closed under $+$:



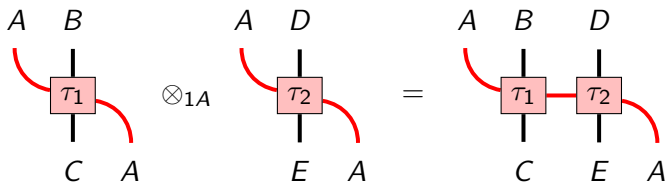
We have a monoidal opfibration

$$\begin{array}{c} FP \\ \downarrow \\ \mathbb{N}[C] \end{array}$$

but not a cocartesian base...

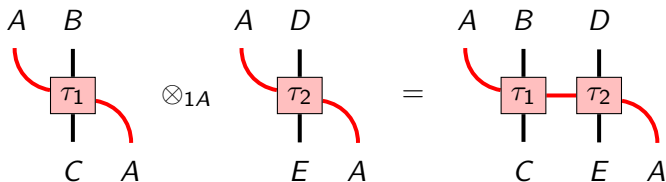
Structure on fibres

We should be reusing the catalyst! In FP_{1A} :



Structure on fibres

We should be reusing the catalyst! In FP_{1A} :



This is only PREmonoidal though

Network Models

- ▶ FP is monoidally opfibred over $\mathbb{N}[C]$:

$$\begin{array}{c} FP \\ \downarrow \\ \mathbb{N}[C] \end{array}$$

Network Models

- ▶ FP is monoidally opfibred over $\mathbb{N}[C]$:

$$\begin{array}{c} FP \\ \downarrow \\ \mathbb{N}[C] \end{array}$$

- ▶ inverse monoidal Grothendieck construction to get an indexed category:

$$\mathbb{N}[C] \rightarrow \text{Cat}$$

Network Models

- ▶ FP is monoidally opfibred over $\mathbb{N}[C]$:
$$\begin{array}{c} FP \\ \downarrow \\ \mathbb{N}[C] \end{array}$$
- ▶ inverse monoidal Grothendieck construction to get an indexed category:

$$\mathbb{N}[C] \rightarrow \text{Cat}$$

- ▶ Let $S[C]$ denote the free symmetric monoidal category on C

$$S[C] \rightarrow \mathbb{N}[C]$$

Network Models

- ▶ FP is monoidally opfibred over $\mathbb{N}[C]$:
$$\begin{array}{c} FP \\ \downarrow \\ \mathbb{N}[C] \end{array}$$
- ▶ inverse monoidal Grothendieck construction to get an indexed category:

$$\mathbb{N}[C] \rightarrow \text{Cat}$$

- ▶ Let $S[C]$ denote the free symmetric monoidal category on C

$$S[C] \rightarrow \mathbb{N}[C] \xrightarrow{P} \text{Cat}$$

Theorem (Baez, Foley, M.)

The global monoidal indexed category $G: S(C) \rightarrow \text{Cat}$ lifts to a functor $\hat{G}: S(C) \rightarrow \text{PreMonCat}$:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & \text{PreMonCat} \\ & \nearrow \hat{G} & \downarrow U \\ S(C) & \xrightarrow{G} & \text{Cat} \end{array}$$

Network Models

- ▶ monoidal functor

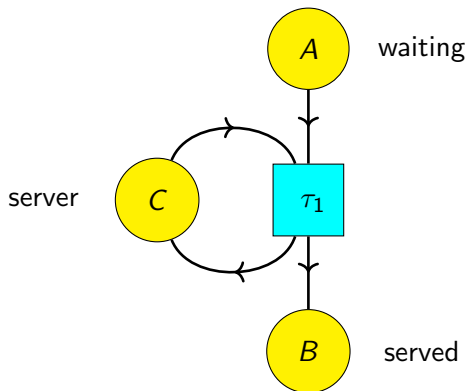
$$S[C] \xrightarrow{\hat{G}} \text{PreMonCat}$$

- ▶ monoidal Grothendieck construction gives a monoidal category
 - ▶ objects = same objects as FP , markings
 - ▶ morphisms = sequential executions + permutations of catalyst tokens
 - ▶ tensor = concurrent execution + permutation sum

this gives a variant of the category FP which models **individual token philosophy** on the catalyst tokens, and **collective token philosophy** on all others

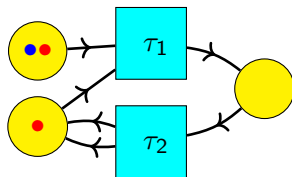
Future

- ▶ applications to queueing theory



Future

- ▶ applications to queueing theory
- ▶ Petri nets with guards







Future

- ▶ applications to queueing theory
- ▶ Petri nets with guards
- ▶ model individual token philosophy by mimicking the usual theory, but over a cocartesian base

Future

- ▶ applications to queueing theory
- ▶ Petri nets with guards
- ▶ model individual token philosophy by mimicking the usual theory, but over a cocartesian base
- ▶ what about other fibrations of FP ?

-  John C. Baez, John Foley, and Joe Moeller.
Network models from petri nets with catalysts.
Compositionality, 1(4), 2019.
-  J. C. Baez, J. Foley, J. Moeller, and B. S. Pollard.
Network models.
Theory and Applications of Categories, 35(20):700–744, 2020.
Available at
<http://www.tac.mta.ca/tac/volumes/35/20/35-20abs.html>.
-  John C. Baez and Jade Master.
Open Petri nets.
Mathematical Structures in Computer Science, 30:314–341,
2020.
-  Joe Moeller and Christina Vasilakopoulou.
Monoidal Grothendieck construction.
arXiv:1809.00727 [math.CT], 2019.